Capital Receipts

(In ₹crores)

		Capital Receipts	Major Head	Actual 2020-2021	Budget 2021-2022	Revised 2021-2022	Budget 2022-2023
No	n Debt Rec	eipts					
1.	Recoverie	es of Loans & Advances					
	1.01.	State Governments					
	1.01.01.	Gross Receipts	7601	16063.28	8989.14	9012.04	8990.94
	1.01.02.	Recoveries	7601		-100.00	-100.00	-100.00
	Net-State	Governments		16063.28	8889.14	8912.04	8890.94
	1.02.	Union Territories (With Legislature)	7602	43.71	100.00	100.00	100.00
	1.03.	Foreign Governments	7605	310.72	424.20	378.55	348.29
	1.04.	Other Loans & Advances (Public Sector Enterprises, Statutory Bodies etc.)					
	1.04.01.	Gross Receipts	9001	13505.45	54861.67	23109.41	15226.79
	1.04.02.	Recoveries	9001	-10194.48	-51275.01	-10525.00	-10275.02
A /	Bodies etc		orises, Statutory	3310.97	3586.66	12584.41	4951.77
2.	Miscellan	s of Loans & Advances eous Capital Receipts		19728.68	13000.00	21975.00	14291.00
	2.01.	Disinvestment Receipts	4000	37896.96	75000.00	78000.00	65000.00
	2.02.	Disinvestment of Government stake in Public Sector Banks and Financial Institutions	4000		100000.00		
	Total-Miscellaneous Capital Receipts Total-Non Debt Receipts			37896.96 57625.64	175000.00 188000.00	78000.00 99975.00	65000.00 79291.00
Del	ot Receipts	•					
3.	Borrowing	gs					
	3.01.	Market Loans					
	3.01.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	1260115.73	1205500.00	1046500.00	1495000.00
	3.01.02.	Repayments	6001	-227208.31	-280792.28	-270728.72	-376387.56
	Net-Marke	et Loans		1032907.42	924707.72	775771.28	1118612.44
	3.02.	Switching of Securities					
	3.02.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	157042.44	180000.00	120000.00	100000.00
	3.02.02.	Repayments	6001	-153417.57	-180000.00	-120000.00	-100000.00
	Net-Switch	hing of Securities		3624.87			
	3.03.	Borrowing for providing back to back loans to States and UTs for GST compensation cess shortfall	2224	440000 00		450000 00	
	3.03.01.	Gross Borrowing	6001	110208.00		159000.00	
	3.03.02.	Less Receipts netted	6001	-110208.00		-159000.00	
		wing for providing back to back loans to S ompensation cess shortfall Issuance of Special Securities to Public Sector Banks	States and UTS				
	3.04.01.	Issue of Securities	6001	20000.00	20000.00	15000.00	0.01
	3.04.02.	Less Receipts netted	6001	-20000.00	-20000.00	-15000.00	-0.01
	Net-Issuar	nce of Special Securities to Public Sector	Banks				
	3.05.	Issuance of Recapitalisation Bonds to other Government controlled Banking entities					
	3.05.01.	Issue of Securities	6001		0.01		
	3.05.02.	Less Receipts netted	6001		-0.01		
		nce of Recapitalisation Bonds to other Go Banking entities Post Office Life Insurance Fund (POLIF)	overnment				
	3.06.01.	Receipts	6001	4000.00		7000.00	
	3.06.02.	Repayments	6001	-4000.00	-7000.00	-7000.00	-9893.68
	Net-Post (Office Life Insurance Fund (POLIF)			-7000.00		-9893.68
	3.07.	Short Term Borrowings					

		Capital Receipts	Major Head	Actual 2020-2021	Budget 2021-2022	Revised 2021-2022	Budget 2022-2023
	3.07.01.	14 Days Treasury Bills	ajo: 1.louu	2020 2021	2021 2022	2021 2022	2022 2020
	3.07.01.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	3745789.93	3604159.92	3875630.66	4069412.19
	3.07.01.02.	Repayments	6001	-3695125.03	-3604159.92	-3875630.66	-4069412.19
	Net			50664.90			
	3.07.02.	91 Days Treasury Bills					
	3.07.02.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	743488.03	683812.15	909767.52	821251.38
	3.07.02.02.	Repayment	6001	-732774.82	-656245.84	-802464.83	-843270.56
	Net			10713.21	27566.31	107302.69	-22019.18
	3.07.03.	182 Days Treasury Bills					
	3.07.03.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	488606.87	450842.74	445464.59	504945.48
	3.07.03.02.	Repayments	6001	-507349.73	-366157.61	-394426.48	-468945.48
	Net			-18742.86	84685.13	51038.11	36000.00
	3.07.04.	364 Days Treasury Bills					
	3.07.04.01.	· ·	6001	458240.00	393542.60	399899.20	435918.38
	3.07.04.02.	Repayments	6001	-217670.00	-455794.04	-458240.00	-399899.20
	Net	Ocale Management Bills		240570.00	-62251.44	-58340.80	36019.18
	3.07.05.	Cash Management Bills	2024	22222 22	050000 00		400000 00
	3.07.05.01.	<u> </u>	6001	80000.00	250000.00		100000.00
	3.07.05.02. Net	Repayments	6001	-160000.00	-250000.00	•	-100000.00
	3.07.06.	Ways & Means Advances		-80000.00	•••		
	3.07.06.01.	Gross Borrowings	6001	398990.00	1000000.00		500000.00
	3.07.06.02.		6001	-398990.00	-1000000.00		-500000.00
	Net	Ropaymento	0001				
	Net-Short To	erm Borrowings		203205.25	50000.00	100000.00	50000.00
Net	-Borrowings	3		1239737.54	967707.72	875771.28	1158718.76
4.		against Small Savings					
	4.01.	Receipts	6001	526234.99	483270.38	678272.55	566958.67
	4.02.	Repayments	6001	-42502.46	-91343.37	-86748.55	-141509.67
Net 5.	Securities a	gainst Small Savings dent Funds		483732.53	391927.01	591524.00	425449.00
	5.01.	Receipts	8009	69390.47	75000.00	70000.00	70000.00
	5.02.	Disbursements	8009	-50876.87	-55000.00	-50000.00	-50000.00
Net 6.	-State Provid Other Rece Account) 6.01.	lent Funds sipts (Internal Debts and Public Relief Bonds		18513.60	20000.00	20000.00	20000.00
	6.01.01.	Receipts	6001				
	6.01.02.	Disbursements	6001	-0.55		-51.53	
	Net-Relief E	Bonds		-0.55		-51.53	
	6.02.	Saving Bonds					
	6.02.01.	Receipts	6001	19997.92	15000.00	15741.00	15741.00
	6.02.02.	Disbursements	6001	-317.09	-3087.47	-3292.05	-16893.61
	Net-Saving	Bonds		19680.83	11912.53	12448.95	-1152.61
	6.03.	Sovereign Gold Bond Scheme					
	6.03.01.	Receipts	6001	16048.74	12000.00	16141.86	16141.86
	6.03.02.	Disbursements	6001	-11.49	-696.15	-120.06	-300.00
		ign Gold Bond Scheme		16037.25	11303.85	16021.80	15841.86
	6.04.	Gold Monetization Scheme	2024	4070.00	0500.00	4000.00	0000.00
	6.04.01.	Receipts	6001	1273.89	2500.00	1900.00	2000.00
	6.04.02.	Disbursements	6001	-9.29	-380.00	-250.00	-270.00
		Other Receipts (Rublic Account Other		1264.60	2120.00	1650.00	1730.00
	6.05. 6.05.01.	Other Receipts (Public Account Other than State Provident Funds) Receipts	9002	2779488.55	2311318.29	2388672.15	2553612.85

(In ₹crores)

	Capital Receipts	Major Head	Actual 2020-2021	Budget 2021-2022	Revised 2021-2022	Budget 2022-2023
6.05.02.	Disbursements	9002	-2793776.08	-2274806.47	-2501280.69	-2525331.89
6.05.03.	Less Receipts	9002				
	Receipts (Public Account Other than Stat	e Provident	-14287.53	36511.82	-112608.54	28280.96
<i>Funds)</i> 6.06.	International Fund for Agricultural Development					
6.06.01.	Receipts	6001	0.24			
6.06.02.	Repayments	6001				
Net-Interna	ational Fund for Agricultural Development		0.24			
6.07.	International Financial Institutions					
6.07.01.	International Monetary Fund					
6.07.01.01	. Receipts	6001	8285.21	1000.01	3641.67	1000.01
6.07.01.02	. Repayments	6001	-10055.40	-7000.00	-7000.00	-7000.00
6.07.01.03	. Less Receipts netted	6001	-7771.35	-1128.35	-4270.12	-1593.53
Net			-9541.54	-7128.34	-7628.45	-7593.52
6.07.02.	International Development					
6 07 02 04	Association . Receipts	6001	500.00	0.01	500.00	500.00
	•	6001	-319.75	-473.50	-426.26	-480.36
0.07.02.02 Net	. Repayments	6001	180.25	-473.49	73.74	-400.30 19.64
6.07.03.	Asian Development Bank and Fund		160.25	-473.49	73.74	19.04
	. Receipts	6001	75.60	89.15	89.20	89.20
	•	6001	-135.89	-71.11	-140.78	-161.02
0.07.03.02 Net	. Repayments	6001	-60.29	-7 1.11 18.04	-140.76 -51.58	-101.02 -71.82
กงยเ 6.07.04.	African Davidonment Fund and Bank		-60.29	10.04	-51.56	-71.02
	African Development Fund and Bank . Receipts	6001	74.80	39.17	39.25	4.32
	. Receipts . Repayments	6001	-32.58	-24.19	-33.72	-33.53
0.07.04.02 Net	Кераушеніз	6001	-32.36 42.22	-24.19 14.98	5.53	-33.53 -29.21
	ational Financial Institutions		-9379.36	-7568.81	-7600.76	-29.21 -7674.91
	eipts (Internal Debts and Public Account)		13315.48	54279.39	-90140.08	37025.30
7.01.	Multilateral					
7.01.01.	International Bank for Reconstruction and Development					
7.01.01.01	. Receipts	6002	27850.93	22936.00	22362.25	15471.67
7.01.01.02	. Repayments	6002	-7073.16	-7615.90	-7324.90	-7323.60
Net			20777.77	15320.10	15037.35	8148.07
7.01.02.	International Development Association					
	Receipts	6002	12215.63	5383.00	4571.24	2214.10
	. Repayments	6002	-12009.67	-15293.70	-11325.30	-14890.90
<i>Net</i> 7.01.03.	International Fund for Agricultural Development		205.96	-9910.70	-6754.06	-12676.80
7.01.03.01	. Receipts	6002	227.50	384.00	448.80	390.37
7.01.03.02	Repayments	6002	-167.68	-174.90	-178.30	-226.10
Net			59.82	209.10	270.50	164.27
7.01.04.	Asian Development Bank					
7.01.04.01	Receipts	6002	24143.83	17212.00	16802.27	14290.74
7.01.04.02	Repayments	6002	-6159.21	-7212.13	-7039.40	-6982.80
Net			17984.62	9999.87	9762.87	7307.94
7.01.05.	Eastern European Community (SAC)					
7.01.05.01	. Receipts	6002				
	. Repayments	6002	-9.21	-9.24	-9.80	-9.80
Net			-9.21	-9.24	-9.80	-9.80
7.01.06.	Organisation of the Petroleum					

(In ₹crores)

		ı				
	Capital Receipts	Major Head	Actual 2020-2021	Budget 2021-2022	Revised 2021-2022	Budget 2022-2023
	Exporting Countries	,	2020 2021	20212022	2021 2022	2022 2020
7.01.06.01.	•	6002				
	Repayments	6002	-16.20	-16.17	-16.20	-16.30
Net			-16.20	-16.17	-16.20	-16.30
7.01.07.	New Development Bank					
7.01.07.01.	•	6002	18194.14	3848.00	6309.99	7149.20
	Repayments	6002		-85.66	-66.50	-325.30
Net			18194.14	3762.34	6243.49	6823.90
7.01.08.	Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB)					
7.01.08.01.		6002	9448.69	5556.00	7178.35	5337.05
7.01.08.02.	Repayments	6002				-232.40
Net			9448.69	5556.00	7178.35	5104.65
Net-Multilate	eral		66645.59	24911.30	31712.50	14845.93
7.02.	Bilateral					
7.02.01.	Germany					
7.02.01.01.	Receipts	6002	6493.88	1145.00	1863.88	2089.37
7.02.01.02.	Repayments	6002	-1328.80	-1948.43	-2040.70	-2012.80
Net			5165.08	-803.43	-176.82	76.57
7.02.02.	France					
7.02.02.01.	Receipts	6002	2323.35	1032.00	874.63	895.82
7.02.02.02.	Repayments	6002	-397.26	-518.40	-526.50	-599.30
Net			1926.09	513.60	348.13	296.52
7.02.04.	Japan					
7.02.04.01.	Receipts	6002	18647.92	20798.00	9836.99	24336.95
7.02.04.02.	Repayments	6002	-6494.39	-6767.57	-6466.40	-7266.30
Net			12153.53	14030.43	3370.59	17070.65
7.02.06.	USA					
7.02.06.01.	Receipts	6002	260.43			
7.02.06.02.	Repayments	6002	-164.71	-92.90	-93.80	-92.50
Net			<i>95.7</i> 2	-92.90	-93.80	-92.50
7.02.07.	Russian Federation					
7.02.07.01.	Receipts	6002	3194.35	6558.00	4225.23	6051.76
7.02.07.02.	Repayments	6002	-868.20	-1109.36	-853.70	-478.90
Net			2326.15	5448.64	3371.53	5572.86
7.02.08.	European Investment Bank (EIB)					
7.02.08.01.	Receipts	6002	936.92	1170.00	2480.81	2015.00
7.02.08.02.	Repayments	6002	-26.87	-81.64	-82.60	-153.30
Net			910.05	1088.36	2398.21	1861.70
Net-Bilatera	d .		22576.62	20184.70	9217.84	24785.80
7.03.	Expenditure netted against externally assistance for States Projects	6002	-19042.13	-43581.77	-21183.92	-20380.58
	Net-External Debt		70180.08	1514.23	19746.42	19251.15
8.01.	Receipts	9003	-2241.40	15116.81	4946.64	-169240.51
8.02.	Disbursements	9003	-4946.64	56266.05	169240.51	169992.25
	of Cash Balance		-7188.04	71382.86	174187.15	751.74
Total-Debt Receipts			1818291.19	1506811.21	1591088.77	1661195.95
Grand Total			1875916.83	1694811.21	1691063.77	1740486.95

- **1.01. State Governments**: The recoveries are in respect of loans and advances to State Governments.
- **1.02. Union Territories (With Legislature)**: The recoveries are in respect of loans advanced to the Union Territory of Puducherry and NCT of Delhi.

- 2. Miscellaneous Capital Receipts: These include receipts on account of disinvestment of part of government equity in central Public sector Enterprises (CPSEs), proceeds from strategic disinvestment and other such transactions. Government has constituted a 'National Investment Fund' (NIF) into which the proceeds from disinvestment of Government equity in selected CPSEs is channelized. The funds so credited to NIF will be withdrawn and used for financing expenditure on infrastructure project, education, health sectors and investment in Indian Railways towards capital expenditure in 2022-23
- 3.1. Market Loans: Government of India raises its market loans under the Scheme of Sale of Dated Government Securities by Auction from 1992-93. These auctions are conducted by the Reserve Bank of India, as debt manager to the Central Government. Apart from Fixed Coupon Securities, Government has also issued Floating Rate Bonds (FRBs) on which the coupon rate, payable semi annually, are reset semi-annually by adding a 'spread', determined through auction. Since 2002-03, Central Government has been announcing half-yearly Indicative Market Borrowing Calendar based on its core borrowing requirements. Details of repayments in 2022-23 are given in Statement No. 6 of Part B. Conversion of Special Securities/ Recapitalisation Bonds. Government of India has completed the conversion of special securities issued in lieu of adhoc treasury bills into marketable securities during the year 2003-04. Details of the marketable securities issued in conversion are given in Statement 2 of Part B. Government of India has also completed the conversion of Recapitalisation Bonds with the Nationalised Banks into SLR marketable securities during the year 2007-08 (details in 2A of Part B).
- 3.7. Short Term Borrowings: The Treasury bills offer short-term investment opportunity to Financial Institutions, Banks etc. Primarily, these are issued under the normal auction programme of the Government and also provide option for non-competitive bids. The amount for weekly auction of 91 days, 182 days and 364 days Treasury Bills is notified in indicative quarterly calendar. Central Government also issues 14 days Intermediate Treasury Bills for deployment of short term cash surpluses by State Governments.
- 4. Securities against Small Savings: The small savings schemes currently in force are: Post Office Savings Account, National Savings Time Deposits (1,2,3 & 5 years), National Savings Recurring Deposits, National Savings Monthly Income Scheme Account, Senior Citizens Savings Scheme, National Savings Certificate, Public Provident Fund, KisanVikas Patra and Sukanya Samriddhi Account. The rate of interest on small savings schemes has been aligned with G-Sec rates of similar maturities, with a certain amount of spread on certain small savings schemes. The spread on National Savings Time Deposit (5 years), National Savings Monthly Income Scheme Account, 5 years NSC, Public Provident Fund is 25 bps, on Sukanya Samriddhi Account, 75bps and on Senior Citizens Savings Scheme, 100 bps over the rate of G-Sec yields of comparable maturities. The interest rates are notified on quarterly basis.

Securities issued against Small Savings: Collections under various small saving schemes, net of withdrawals, during a financial year, form the sources of funds for National Small Savings Fund (NSSF). The net collections are invested in Central and State Government Special Securities, which forms the application of funds under NSSF. For 2021-22, the term of Central and State Government Special Securities is 10 years, without any moratorium at 7.3 per cent interest rate. Redemption proceeds of State Government securities are reinvested in the Central and the State Government Special Securities in the ratio of 50:50, at the prevailing rate of interest, whereas the redemption proceeds of the Central Government Securities are re-invested in Central Government Special securities completely.

As per recommendation of Fourteenth Finance Commission, all the States except Arunachal Pradesh, Delhi, Madhya Pradesh and Kerala have opted out from the operation of NSSF. Arunachal Pradesh is availing 100% and remaining three States are borrowing 50% of net collections mobilised within their respective territories.

Net collections under NSSF are being invested in various Public Agencies like National Highways Authority of India, Air India etc. as well. Interest payment to subscribers of Small Savings Schemes and cost of management constitute the expenditure of the fund and interest on Central Government Securities, State Government Securities and loan advanced to Public Agencies forms the income of the fund. The sources and applications of NSSF are shown in Annexure 8 and details of various components of NSSF are shown in Statement 3 of Part B.

- **6.2. Saving Bonds**: Floating Rate Saving Bond , 2020 (Taxable) with a lock-in of 7 years was introduced in July, 2020 to enable resident citizens/HUF to invest their savings without any monetary ceiling. The interest on the bonds is payable semi-annually on 1st Jan and 1st July every year with the resetting clause every Six month which is linked with prevailing NSC rate plus 35 bps. The first reset was carried out on January 01, 2021. There is no option to pay interest on cumulative basis. The bonds are not transferable except transfer to a nominee(s)/legal heir in case of death of the holder of the bonds. They are also not tradable in the secondary market. Premature encashment has been allowed for individual investor in the age group of 60 years and above after minimum lock in period from the date of issue.
- **6.7.01. International Monetary Fund**: India's quota in IMF is SDR 13,114.4 million with a shareholding of 2.75%. India ranks eighth in terms of quota holding at the IMF. India provided for the quota increase as per the 146th General review of Quotas an amount of SDR 7292.9 million in early 2016. This increased holding is maintained in value against any appreciation / depreciation of the Indian rupee. Apart from Quota resources of all members, the IMF employs New Arrangements to Borrow (NAB) and Bilateral Borrowing Agreements (BBA) as its second and third line of resource line for the purpose of non-concessional member lending. India's commitment to NAB is SDR 4,440.9 million of which till date 34 NAB activation have been taken place and the remaining balance to India amount to SDR 290.70 million. With regard to BBA, India has committed USD 10 billion to BBA 2016.

- **6.7.03. Asian Development Bank and Fund**: The Asian Development Bank keeps Rupee securities with the Reserve Bank of India which can be encashed by it to meet its rupee expenditure in India from time to time.
- **7. External Debt**: Budget 2022-23 assumes a gross receipt of ₹80,242 crore and repayment of ₹40,610 crore, resulting in net external loan of ₹39.632 crore.
- **7.01. Multilateral**: The net receipts for BE 2022-23 from International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, International Development Association, International Fund for Agricultural Development, Asian Development Bank, Eastern European Community(SAC), Organisation of the Petroleum Exporting Countries, New Development Bank and Asian Infrastructure Investment Bank (AIIB) is estimated ₹ 14,846 crore.
- **7.01.03.** International Fund for Agricultural Development: (a) International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD) was set up in 1977 as the 13th specialized agency of the United Nations. It is dedicated to eradicating poverty and hunger in rural areas of developing countries. 176 countries are members of the IFAD, and these are grouped into three countries, comprising List A Developed countries, List B Oil Producing Countries and List C Developing Countries. India is in List C.
- (b) India is one of the founder members of International Fund for Agricultural Development (IFAD), and has so far contributed US dollar 171 million towards IFAD resources.
- (c) In the 11th Replenishment cycle, India has pledged an amount of USD 40 million as a core contribution. Apart from this, India has also pledged an amount of USD 20 million as Concessional Partner Loan (CPL) (at 1% interest rate for a period of 25 years with a grace period of 5 years) which has been introduced by the IFAD for the first time.
- (d) India is a member of the Executive Board of IFAD. India is also a member of two subsidiary bodies of IFADs Executive Board, i.e., Evaluation Committee and Working Group on Transitional Framework.
- (e) Since 1979, IFAD has assisted in 30 projects in the agriculture, rural development, tribal development, women empowerment, natural resources management and rural finance sector with the commitment of USD 1100 million (approx.).
- (f) For the current Performance Bases Allocation System (PBAS) cycle, i.e. 2019-2021, India has been sought from various Ministries/State Governments. Recently, India has also approved the Country Strategic Opportunities Programme (COSOP) for India for the period 2018-2024. The present COSOP will cover two PBAS cycles: 2019-2021 and 2022-2024.
- (g) The Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR)s project proposal titled Scaling up Renewable Energy Based Agricultural Technologies for Empowering Small Holder Farming Families in India has been posed to IFAD on 19th November, 2018 for an assistance of INR 420 crores (Approx. USD 60 million).
- (h) Since 1st January, 2018, India is eligible for loans under ordinary terms. IFAD loans granted on ordinary terms shall have a rate of interest per annum equivalent to one hundred percent (100%) of the variable reference rate, as determined semi-annually by the Executive Board of IFAD, and a maturity period of 15 to 18 years, including a grace period of 3 years, starting once the specified disbursement conditions have been met.
- (i) From 2013 to 2017, IFAD provided loans to India at on Blend Term at a fixed interest rate of 1.25 percent plus a service charge of 0.75 percent per annum, and with a maturity period of 25 years including a grace period of 5 years. India has signed Megha- LAMP and Andhra Pradesh Drought Mitigation Project (APDMP). However, the projects which were signed up to 2013 IFAD loans are repayable over a period of 40 years including a grace period of ten years and carry no interest charges. However, a service charge at the rate of three-fourths of one percent (0.75%) per annum is levied on loan amounts outstanding.
- **7.02. Bilateral**: The net receipts for BE 2022-23 from Germany, France, Japan, Russian Federation and European Investment Bank (EIB) is estimated₹ 24786 crore.